

JSNA Bitesize

July 2026

Oxfordshire's most deprived areas

This JSNA Bitesize provides an overview of the most deprived areas in Oxfordshire according to the 2025 English Indices of Deprivation.

What are the Indices of Deprivation?

The 2025 English Indices of Deprivation ranks each of England's 33,755 LSOAs (Lower-layer Super Output Areas) by a calculated deprivation based on a range of measures. It then splits the rankings into deciles with 1 being the most deprived and 10 being the least deprived.

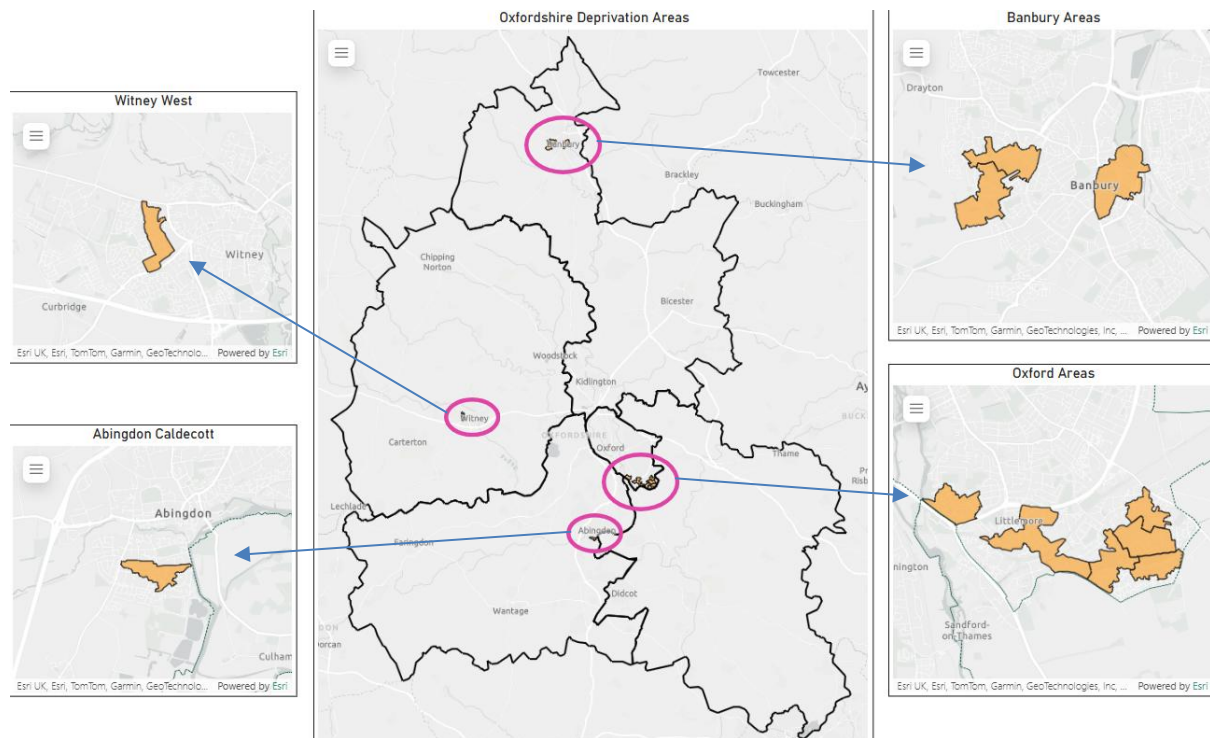
There are 7 indices that are measured. When combined, these make up the Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD) which is what will be referred to in this briefing.

Which areas are most deprived in Oxfordshire?

Oxfordshire has 428 LSOAs of which 11 are in deciles 1 or 2 – the most deprived across the country – for the IMD.

LSOA Name	MSOA Name	Ward Name	IMD Decile	IMD Rank
Oxford 018B	Greater Leys	Northfield Brook	1	3138
Oxford 018C	Greater Leys	Northfield Brook	1	3150
Oxford 017B	Blackbird Leys	Blackbird Leys	2	3949
Cherwell 005B	Banbury Ruscote	Banbury Ruscote	2	4654
Oxford 018A	Greater Leys	Blackbird Leys	2	5311
Oxford 016F	Littlemore & Rose Hill	Rose Hill & Iffley	2	5365
Vale of White Horse 008C	Abingdon South	Abingdon Caldecott	2	5979
Cherwell 005F	Banbury Ruscote	Banbury Ruscote	2	5997
Oxford 016A	Littlemore & Rose Hill	Littlemore	2	6007
West Oxfordshire 009A	Witney West	Witney Central	2	6103
Cherwell 004A	Banbury Grimsbury	Banbury Cross & Neithrop	2	6694

Please note that the deciles and ranks match to the LSOAs only. The MSOA and Ward names are indicative to show where in the local authority areas the LSOAs are.



Indices (domains) of deprivation

LSOA	Ward Name	IMD	Income	Emp	Education	Health	Crime	Barriers to Housing and Services	Living Environment	IDACI	IDAOP1
Oxfordshire average		8	7	8	6	8	7	5	7	7	7
Oxford 018B	Northfield Brook	1	1	2	1	3	2	3	10	2	1
Oxford 018C	Northfield Brook	1	2	2	1	2	2	2	10	2	2
Cherwell 004A	Banbury Grimsbury	2	3	3	2	2	1	6	4	2	3
Cherwell 005B	Banbury Ruscote	2	2	2	1	4	2	3	10	2	4
Cherwell 005F	Banbury Ruscote	2	3	3	1	3	2	5	10	3	2
Oxford 016A	Littlemore & Rose Hill	2	2	3	1	5	1	2	10	2	4
Oxford 016F	Littlemore & Rose Hill	2	2	3	1	3	3	3	8	3	2
Oxford 017B	Blackbird Leys	2	2	2	1	3	2	3	9	2	2
Oxford 018A	Greater Leys	2	2	2	1	3	2	2	10	2	2
Vale of White Horse 008C	Abingdon South	2	2	3	1	6	4	5	10	2	3
West Oxfordshire 009A	Witney West	2	2	2	1	5	4	8	10	2	4

The IMD is a weighted combination of seven domains of deprivation:

- Income Deprivation (22.5%)
- Employment Deprivation (22.5%)
- Education, Skills and Training Deprivation (13.5%)
- Health Deprivation and Disability (13.5%)
- Crime (9.3%)
- Barriers to Housing and Services (9.3%)
- Living Environment Deprivation (9.3%)

There are also two supplementary indices:

- Income Deprivation Affecting Children Index (IDACI)
- Income Deprivation Affecting Older People Index (IDAOPI)

Finding out more

[2019 IMD JSNA Bitesize](#)

[Government Deprivation website](#) (including maps and data)